

^{105}Ru data evaluation and experimentation

S. Lalkovski

22 April 2015

Agenda

Data evaluation
Data re-evaluation

ENSDF Activities

Evaluated

- ▶ **200:** F.Kondev and S.Lalkovski, NDS108 (2007) 1471
- ▶ **207:** F.Kondev and S.Lalkovski, NDS112 (2011) 707
- ▶ **112:** S.Lalkovski and F.Kondev, NDS124 (2015) 157

... being evaluated

- ▶ **A=105:** In collaboration with J.Timar & F.Kondev
 - evaluated:** Sr, Y, Zr, Nb, Mo, Tc, Ru, Rh, Ag, In, Sn, Sb, Tl
 - in process:** Pd
 - to be evaluated:** Cd

XUNDL

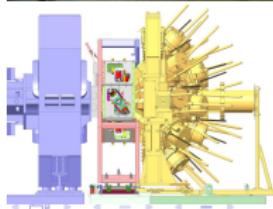
- ▶ **Cd:** 103-105
- ▶ **Ag:** 122-126
- ▶ **Pd:** 121
- ▶ **Rh:** 117

UKNUSTAR



Work Packages

- ▶ R³B
- ▶ HISPEC
- ▶ DESPEC



Historical overview

Z	^{103}Ru 16.991D $\epsilon - 100\%$	^{104}Ru STABLE 11.14%	^{105}Ru STABLE 22.33%	^{106}Ru STABLE 27.33%	^{107}Ru $6.5E+6\text{ Y}$ $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{108}Ru STABLE 26.46%	^{109}Ru 15.7012 H $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{110}Ru STABLE 11.72%	^{111}Ru 23.4 M $\beta - 100.00\%$
45	^{102}Rh 207.3 D $\epsilon - 78.00\%$ $\beta - 22.00\%$	^{105}Rh STABLE 100%	^{104}Rh 42.3 S $\beta - 99.55\%$ $\epsilon - 0.45\%$	^{105}Rh 35.36 H $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{106}Rh 30.07 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{107}Rh 21.7 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{108}Rh 16.8 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{109}Rh 9.0 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{110}Rh 2.8 S $\beta - 100.00\%$
	^{101}Ru STABLE 17.03%	^{102}Ru STABLE 31.55%	^{105}Ru 39.247 D $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{104}Ru STABLE 18.62%	^{105}Ru 4.44 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{106}Ru 37.18 D $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{107}Ru 3.75 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{108}Ru 4.55 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{109}Ru 34.5 S $\beta - 100.00\%$
43	^{100}Tc 15.46 S $\beta - 100.00\%$ $\epsilon - 2.6E-3\text{N}$	^{101}Tc 14.02 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{102}Tc 5.28 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{103}Tc 54.2 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{104}Tc 18.3 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{105}Tc 7.6 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{106}Tc 35.6 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{107}Tc 21.2 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{108}Tc 5.17 S $\beta - 100.00\%$
	^{99}Ru 65.976 H $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{100}Ru $7.3E+18\text{ Y}$ 9.82% $2\beta - 100.00\%$	^{101}Ru 14.61 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{102}Ru 11.3 M $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{103}Ru 67.5 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{104}Ru 60 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{105}Ru 35.6 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{106}Ru 8.73 S $\beta - 100.00\%$	^{107}Ru 3.5 S $\beta - 100.00\%$
42	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	N

ENSDF

- ▶ $T_{1/2}$: $4.44(2)\text{ h}$
- ▶ GS J^π : $3/2^+$
- ▶ Decay modes: $100\% \beta^-$
- ▶ ^{105}Tc β^- -decay
- ▶ $^{104}\text{Ru}(n, \gamma)$ E=th
- ▶ $^{104}\text{Ru}(d, p)$
- ▶ $^{173}\text{Yb}({}^{24}\text{Mg}, X\gamma)$

▶ First mentioned in literature in **1953Hu86**:
Fast neutron cross sections and Nuclear Level density,
 D.J.Hughes, R.C.Grath, J.S.Levin
Phys.Rev. **91** (1953) 142

Note: Detectors: anticoinc. counter; Dduced: σ ,
 $T_{1/2} = 4\text{ h}$

▶ First decay information:
Decay of the Ru-105
 B.Saraf, P.Harihar,, R.Jambunathan
Phys.Rev. **118** (1960) 1289

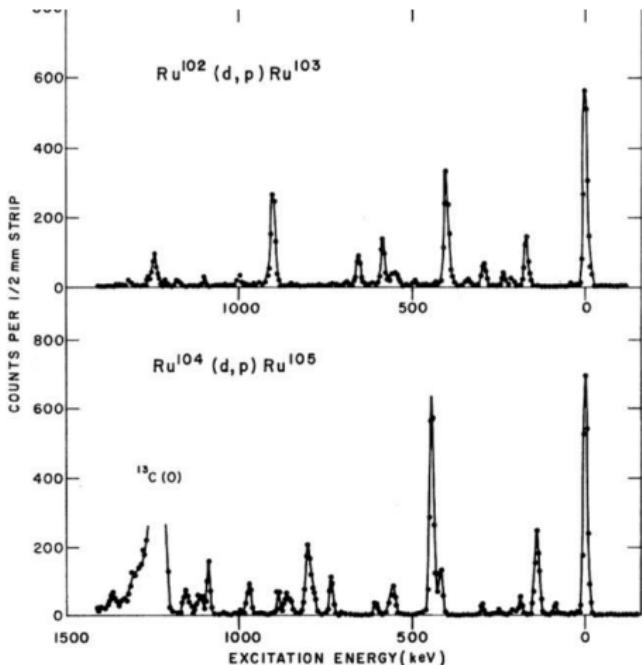
Note: Detectors: two NaI(Tl) scintillators in coinc.;
 Measured: E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma - \gamma$ coinc.; Dduced: 6 levels in
 ^{105}Rh

▶ First (d, p) measurement
Energy Levels of ^{103}Ru and ^{105}Ru from the (d,p) Reaction
 J.A.Nolen, Jr., H.T.Fortune, P. Kienle, G.C.Morrison
Bull.Am.Phys.Soc. **13** (1968) 584

▶ First Fission fragment studies:
Nuclear spectroscopy of short-lived fission products Nb, Mo, Tc
EANDC(E)-115U (1969) 42
 Note: ^{105}Tc : β^- to ^{105}Ru

▶ First high-sin study:
High-spin excitations in Ru nuclei near N=60
 Fotiades et al.
Phys.Rev. **C58** (1998) 1997

(d, p) data sets

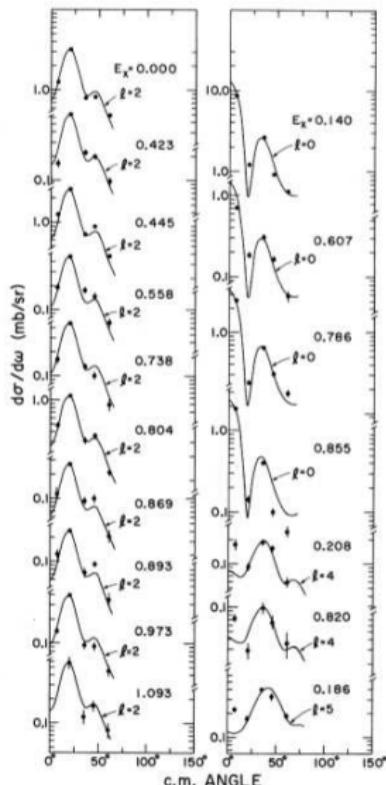


H.T.Fortune, G.C.Morrison, J.A.Nolen, Jr., P.Kienle, $\text{Ru}^{103,105}$ states observed in the reactions $\text{Ru}^{102,104}(d, p)$
Phys.Rev.C3 (1971) 337

1971Fo01

- ▶ Facility: Argonne FN tandem;
- ▶ Beam: $E(D)=14$ MeV;
- ▶ Target: 25-50 —mg/cm²+2 enriched in ^{104}Ru and thin carbon backing (≤ 20 mg/cm²);
- ▶ Detectors: magnetic spectrograph (FWHM ≈ 12 keV), photo emulsions, Faraday cup;
- ▶ Measured: $d\sigma/d\Omega(\theta)$;
- ▶ Deduced: ^{105}Ru level scheme, J^π from DWBA analysis with JULIE code;
- ▶ Also 1968No02 from the same collaboration

(d, p) data sets



H.T.Fortune, G.C.Morrison, J.A.Nolen, Jr., P.Kienle, $Ru^{103,105}$ states observed in the reactions $Ru^{102,104}(d, p)$
Phys.Rev.C3 (1971) 337

1971Fo01

- ▶ Facility: Argonne FN tandem;
- ▶ Beam: $E(D)=14$ MeV;
- ▶ Target: 25-50 —mg/cm²+2 enriched in 104RU and thin carbon backing (≤ 20 mg/cm²);
- ▶ Detectors: magnetic spectrograph (FWHM ≈ 12 keV), photo emulsions, Faraday cup;
- ▶ Measured: $d\sigma/d\Omega(\theta)$;
- ▶ Deduced: ^{105}Ru level scheme, J^π from DWBA analysis with JULIE code;
- ▶ Also 1968No02 from the same collaboration

Spectroscopic factor S

$$\sigma_{exp}(\theta) = 1.65(2J_f + 1)S_{lj}\sigma_{lj}(\theta) \quad (1)$$

Noteworthy publications: (d, p) data sets

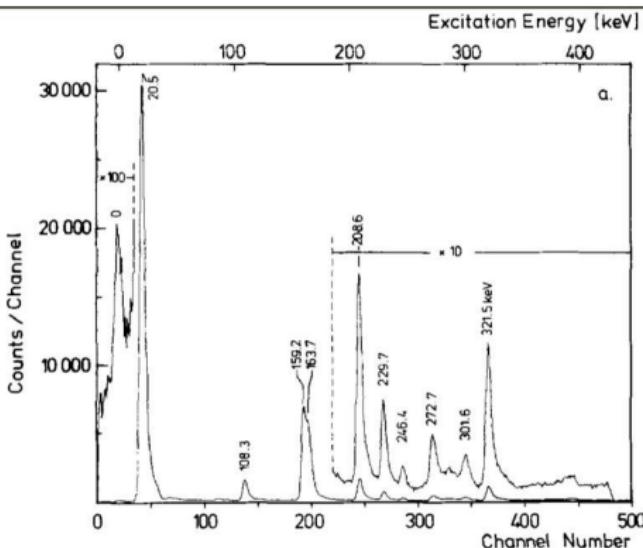
E_x^a (MeV)	l	$(2J_f + 1)S$	E_x^a (MeV)	l	$(2J_f + 1)S$
0.0	2	1.34	0.804	2	0.46
0.09	(2)	(0.05)	0.820	4	0.61
0.140	0	0.79	0.855	0	0.14
0.186	5	3.36	0.869	2	0.11
0.208	4	1.25	0.893	2	0.11
0.302	(1)(3)	(0.07)(0.37)	0.973	2	0.15
0.423	2	0.28	1.093	2	0.24
0.445	2	1.09	1.113	(1)(3)	(0.08)(0.37)
0.558	2	0.19	1.124	2	0.10
0.607	0	0.09	1.164 ^b	2	0.15
0.738	2	0.19	1.56	(2)	(0.15)
0.786	0	0.20	1.91	(2)	(0.20)

H.T.Fortune, G.C.Morrison, J.A.Nolen, Jr., P.Kienle, $Ru^{103,105}$ states observed in the reactions $Ru^{102,104}(d, p)$
Phys.Rev.C3 (1971) 337

1971Fo01

- ▶ **Facility:** Argonne FN tandem;
- ▶ **Beam:** $E(D)=14$ MeV;
- ▶ **Target:** 25-50 mg/cm² enriched in ¹⁰⁴Ru and thin carbon backing (≤ 20 mg/cm²);
- ▶ **Detectors:** magnetic spectrograph (FWHM ≈ 12 keV), photo emulsions, Faraday cup;
- ▶ **Measured:** $d\sigma/d\Omega(\theta)$;
- ▶ **Deduced:** ¹⁰⁵Ru level scheme, J^π from DWBA analysis with JULIE code;
- ▶ **Also** 1968No02 from the same collaboration

(d, p) data sets

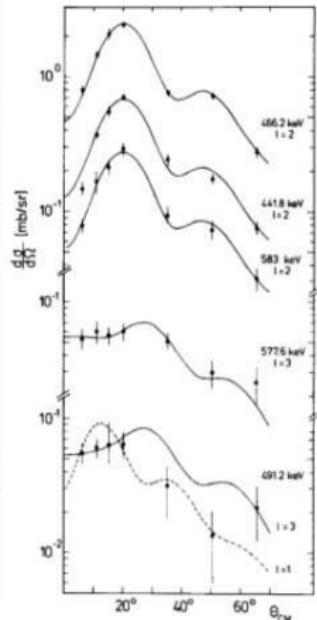
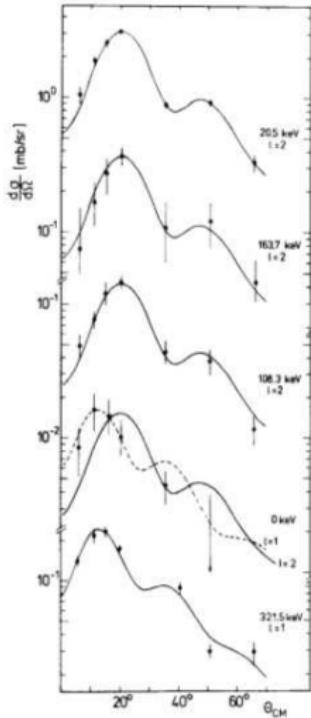
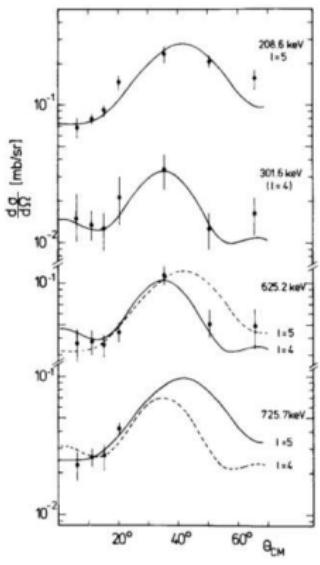
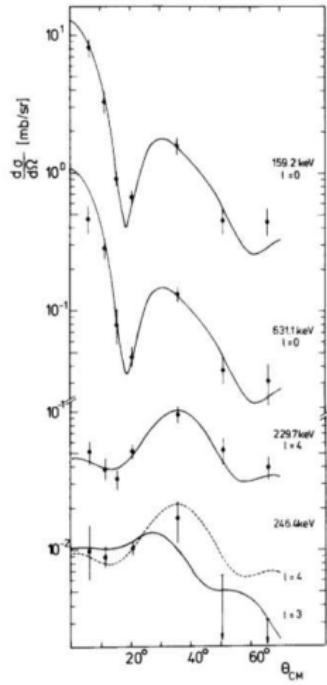


P.Maier-Komor, P.Glässel,E.Huenges, H.Rösler, H.J.Scheerer,
H.K.Vonach, H.Baier,
Study of the $^{104}\text{Ru}(d, p)$ -reaction at 14 MeV
Z.Phys.**A278** (1976) 327

1976Ma49

- ▶ Facility: MP Tandem at Munich;
- ▶ Beam: $E(D)=14$ MeV;
- ▶ Target: 50 mg/cm^2 enriched to 99.6% in ^{104}Ru , 10 mg/cm^2 carbon backing;
- ▶ Detectors: Q3D spectrograph ($\text{FWHM}=5 \text{ keV}$), multi wire chamber ($\delta E/E \approx 2.4\%$), time-of-flight system, one CsI, Faraday cup, paraffin and aluminum shields;
- ▶ Measured: $E(P)$, $d\sigma d\Omega(\theta)$;
- ▶ Deduced: ^{105}Ru level scheme, L from DWBA with DWUCK2 code, J^π

(d, p) data sets: 1976Ma49



(d, p) data sets: 1976Ma49

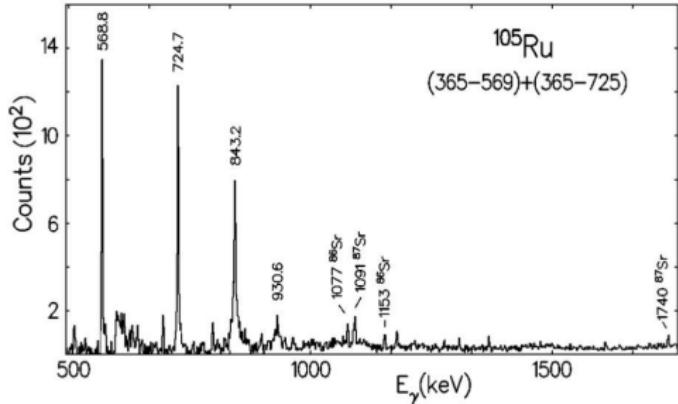
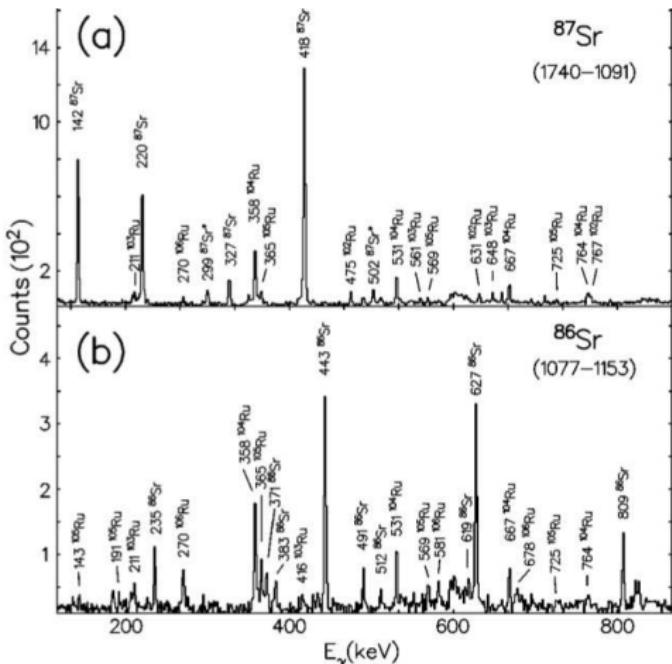
E_x (keV)	l	Single particle configuration	G_{ij}
0 ± 0.2	2	$2d_{3/2}$	0.009 ± 0.004
20.5 ± 0.1	2	$2d_{5/2}$	1.54 ± 0.06
108.3 ± 0.2	2	$2d_{5/2}$	0.07 ± 0.01
159.2 ± 0.3	0	$3s_{1/2}$	0.74 ± 0.06
163.7 ± 0.3	2	$2d_{5/2}$	0.18 ± 0.04
208.6 ± 0.7	5	$1h_{11/2}$	2.7 ± 0.40
229.7 ± 0.4	4	$1g_{7/2}$	0.75 ± 0.08
246.4 ± 0.3	4	$1g_{7/2}$	0.15 ± 0.03
	3	$1f_{5/2}$	0.04 ± 0.01
	3	$1f_{7/2}$	0.03 ± 0.01
301.6 ± 0.9	4	$1g_{7/2}$	0.24 ± 0.08
321.5 ± 0.2	1	$2p_{3/2}$	0.08 ± 0.008
441.8 ± 0.2	2	$2d_{3/2}$	0.36 ± 0.03
	2	$2d_{5/2}$	0.31 ± 0.02
466.2 ± 0.3	2	$2d_{3/2}$	1.32 ± 0.07
491.2 ± 1.5	3	$1f_{5/2}$	0.25 ± 0.07
	3	$1f_{7/2}$	0.18 ± 0.05
	1	$2p_{1/2}$	0.03 ± 0.015
	1	$2p_{3/2}$	0.03 ± 0.015
577.6 ± 0.7	3	$1f_{5/2}$	0.21 ± 0.04
	3	$1f_{7/2}$	0.15 ± 0.03
583.0 ± 0.8	2	$2d_{3/2}$	0.14 ± 0.03
	2	$2d_{5/2}$	0.12 ± 0.03
625.2 ± 0.4	4	$1g_{7/2}$	0.70 ± 0.2
	5	$1h_{11/2}$	1.1 ± 0.4
631.1 ± 0.2	0	$3s_{1/2}$	0.06 ± 0.01
725.7 ± 2	4	$1g_{7/2}$	0.46 ± 0.23
	5	$1h_{11/2}$	0.86 ± 0.43

P.Maier-Komor, P.Glässel, E.Huenges, H.Rösler, H.J.Scheerer,
 H.K.Vonach, H.Baier,
Study of the $^{104}\text{Ru}(d, p)$ -reaction at 14 MeV
Z.Phys. **A278** (1976) 327

163.7 keV ($l=2$): Angular correlation coefficients [10] agree with a spin of 5/2. Thus it has to be $5/2^+$.

208.6 keV ($l=5$): Due to its high spin value this level is not observed in the (n, γ) work. According to the observed systematics of high spin states it has most probably spin and parity $11/2^-$.

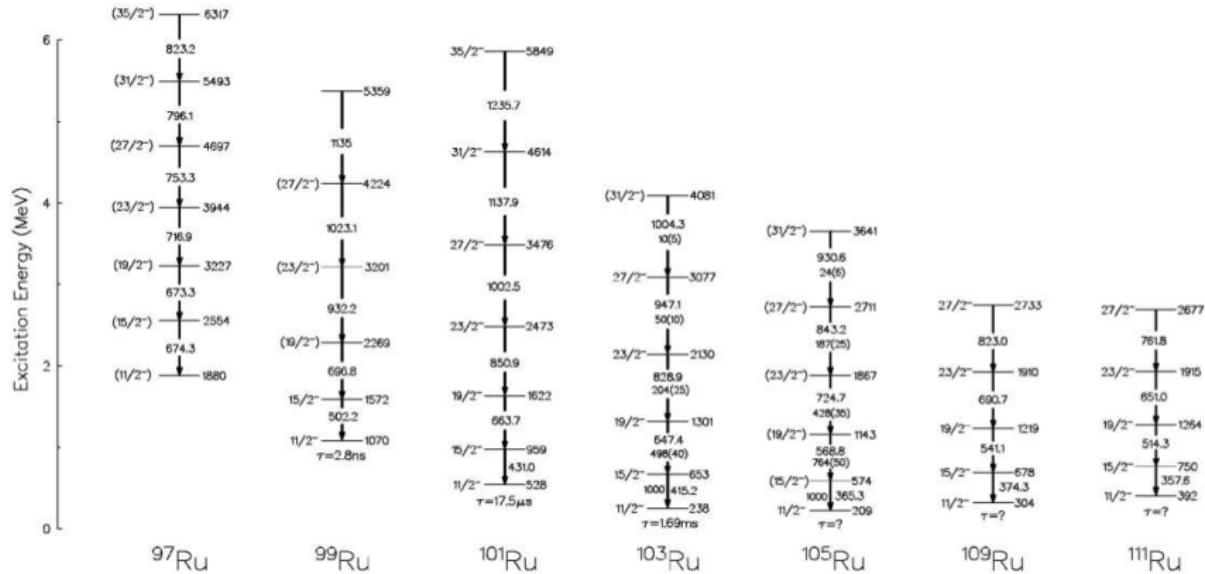
Reaction data: $^{173}\text{Yb}(\text{Mg},\text{X}\gamma)$



1998Fo08

- ▶ **Facility:** 88-inch Cyclotron at the LBNL;
- ▶ **Beam:** ^{24}Mg accelerated to 134.5 MeV;
- ▶ **Target:** 1 mg/cm² enriched in ^{173}Yb on a 7 mg/cm² Au backing;
- ▶ **Detectors:** GAMMASPHERE array, comprising 92 HPGe detectors;
- ▶ **Measured:** $\gamma - \gamma - \gamma$ coinc., E_γ , I_γ

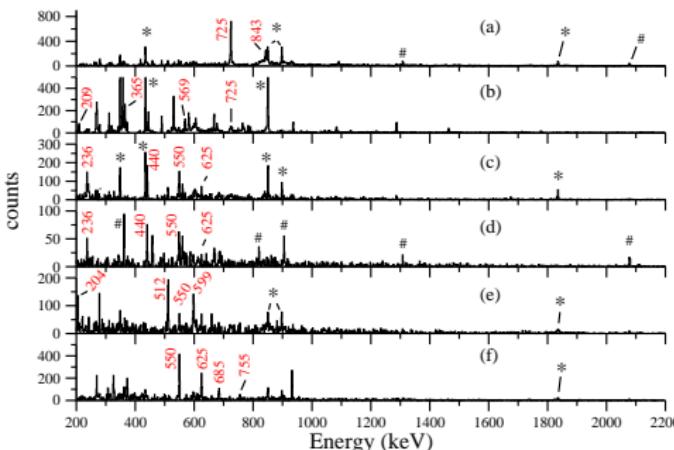
Reaction data: $^{173}\text{Yb}(\text{²⁴Mg},\text{X}\gamma)$



ENSDF

E _{level} [#]	J ⁿ	T _{1/2}	XREF	<u>A</u> ¹⁰⁵ Tc β ⁻ Decay	<u>C</u> ¹⁰⁴ Ru(d,p)
				<u>B</u> ¹⁰⁴ Ru(n,γ) E=Thermal	<u>D</u> ¹⁷³ Yb(²⁴ Mg,Xγ)
				Comments	
0.0	3/2+	4.44 h 2	<u>ABCD</u>	%β ⁻ =100 T _{1/2} : weighted average of: 4.45 h 2 (1955Wi59), 4.44 h 2 (1960Ri03), 4.43 h 2 (1962Br15), 4.39 h 10 (1965Pi01); others: 1946Bo28 , 1974Ca26 , 1950Si06 , 1950Su07 .	
20.610 13	(5/2)+	340 ns 15	<u>ABC</u>	J ⁿ : fed by (n,γ) primary γ from 1/2+; L(d,p)=1,2 possible but M1+E2 gamma of 20.6 kev level excludes pi=- and Jπ=1/2+. μ=(-)0.32 +8-20 (1989Ra17) μ: From oriented ¹⁰⁵ Ru decay.	J ⁿ : π=+ from L(d,p)=2; J=5/2 favored by spectroscopic strength and no primary feeding in (n,γ).
107.937 8	5/2+		<u>ABC</u>	T _{1/2} : by γγ(t) in ¹⁰⁵ Tc β ⁻ decay.	J ⁿ : L(d,p)=2; (463γ)(214γ)(θ) not consistent with 3/2.
159.518 6	1/2+	0.055 μs 7	<u>ABC</u>	T _{1/2} : by pulsed d, α, ³ He beam, 143.2γ(t) (1978Ho06).	J ⁿ : L(d,p)=0.
163.815 15	3/2+,5/2+	55 ns 7	<u>ABC</u>	T _{1/2} : by pulsed beam, 143.2γ(t) (1978Ho06).	J ⁿ : L(d,p)=2.
208.6 & 7	11/2- ^a		<u>CD</u>	E _{level} : from (d,p).	J ⁿ : L(d,p)=5; level systematics in neighboring Ru isotopes favor 11/2-.
229.48 4	7/2+		<u>ABC</u>	J ⁿ : L(d,p)=4; γ to 3/2+ ground state excludes 9/2+.	J ⁿ : L(d,p)=4; γ to 3/2+ ground state excludes 9/2+.
244.41 5			<u>BC</u>	XREF(C)=*246.4	
246.373 10	(5/2-,3/2)		<u>ABC</u>	XREF(C)=*246.4	

Induced fission data

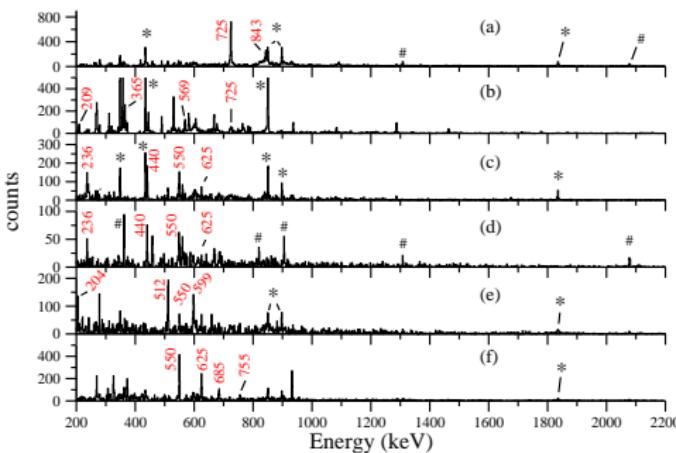


γ -ray spectra, gated on: (a) 365 and 569-keV transitions; (b) 1836 and 898-keV transitions; (c) 209 and 1836 or 209 and 898-keV transitions; (d) 209 and 2079-keV or 209 and 1309-keV transitions; (e) 209 and 235-keV transitions; (f) 209 and 440-keV transitions. The γ -lines belonging to the ^{88}Sr level scheme are denoted with a star symbol *. The γ -lines belonging to the ^{89}Sr level scheme are denoted with the hash symbol #.

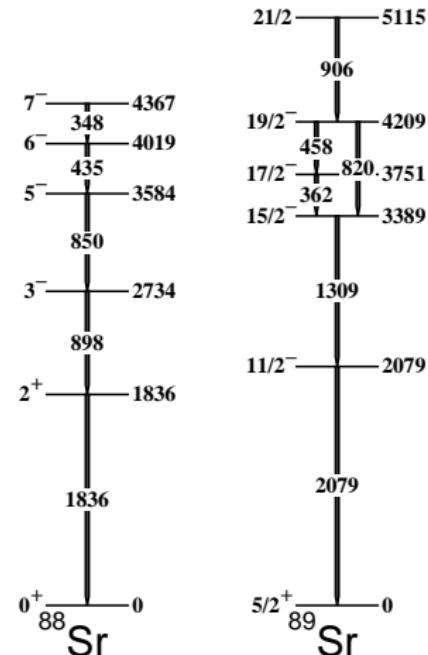
2014La15

- ▶ Beam: $E(^{30}\text{Si})=145$ MeV;
- ▶ Target: 1.15 mg/cm^2 enriched in ^{168}Er ; 9 mg/cm^2 Au backing
- ▶ Detectors: EUROBALL III
- ▶ Measured: $E_\gamma, I_\gamma, \gamma - \gamma - \gamma$ coinc.
- ▶ Deduced: ^{105}Ru level scheme

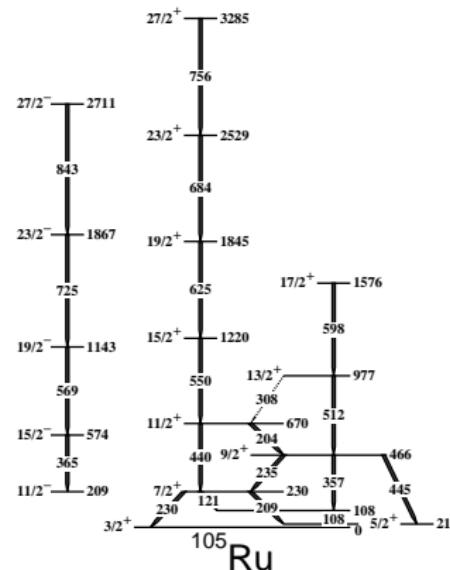
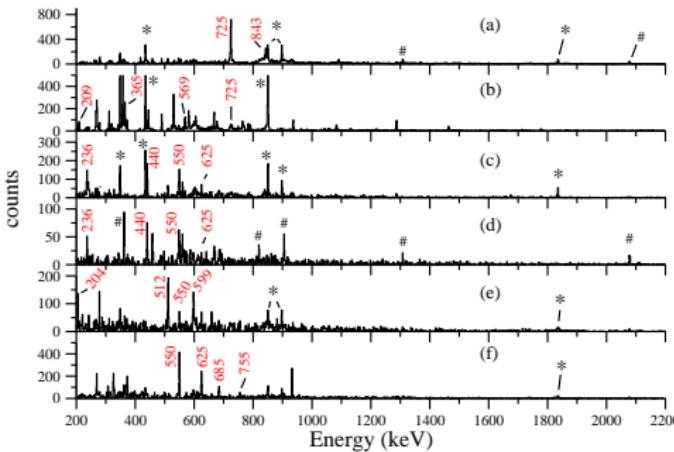
Induced fission data



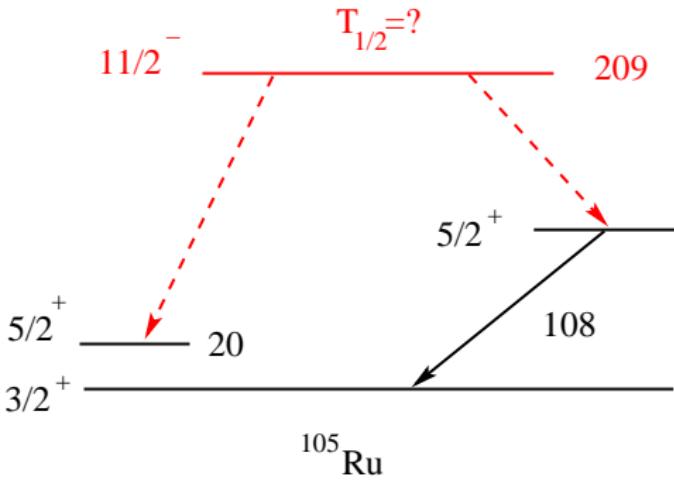
γ -ray spectra, gated on: (a) 365 and 569-keV transitions; (b) 1836 and 898-keV transitions; (c) 209 and 1836 or 209 and 898-keV transitions; (d) 209 and 2079-keV or 209 and 1309-keV transitions; (e) 209 and 235-keV transitions; (f) 209 and 440-keV transitions. The γ -lines belonging to the ^{88}Sr level scheme are denoted with a star symbol *. The γ -lines belonging to the ^{89}Sr level scheme are denoted with the hash symbol #.



Induced fission data



S.Lalkovski et al., Phys. Rev. C89 (2014) 064312

^{105}Ru IT Decay

Mult.	100 keV	200 keV
E3	18 s	0.14 s

^{105}Ru IT Decay

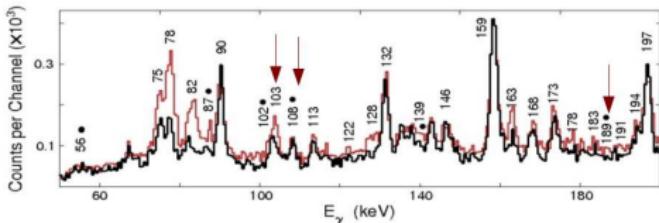
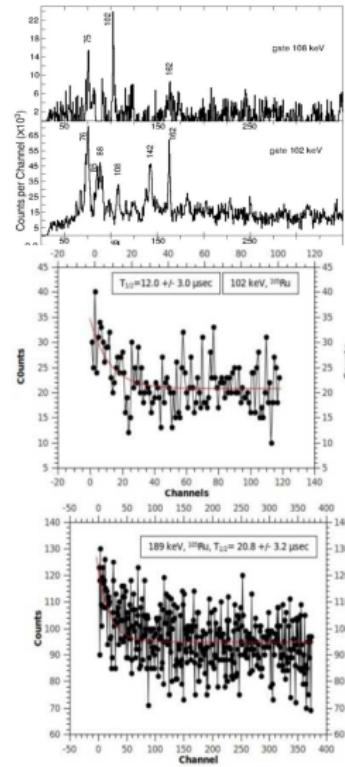


Fig.1 Low energy part of two γ -ray spectra collected for a time of 300 μs at the beginning (red line) and at the end (black line), 3.5 ms later, of the beam-off period, respectively. The lines marked with black dots (and red arrows) indicate the γ -lines appearing below 209 keV, $11/2^-$ state of ^{105}Ru .

HIL experiment (J.Kownacki)

- ▶ Reaction: ^{16}O (85 MeV) + ^{208}Pb
- ▶ accelerator: HIL cyclotron
- ▶ in-beam: 2-4 ms
- ▶ off-beam: 4-8 ms
- ▶ Deduced: $102\gamma(t)$ $T_{1/2} = 16\mu\text{s}$ consistent with $M2$
 $T_{1/2}^{W.e} = 100\ \mu\text{s}$

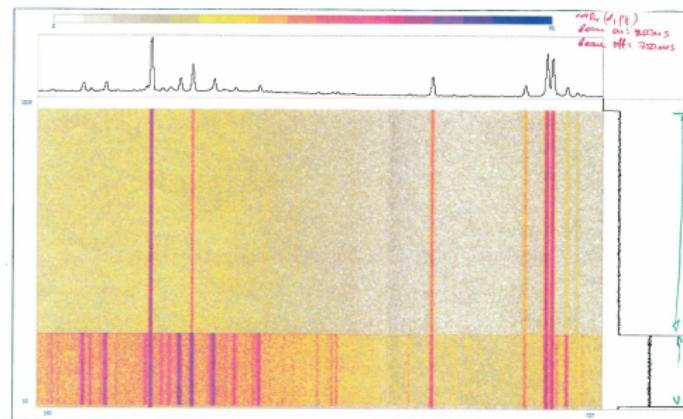


$(d, p\gamma)$ experiment

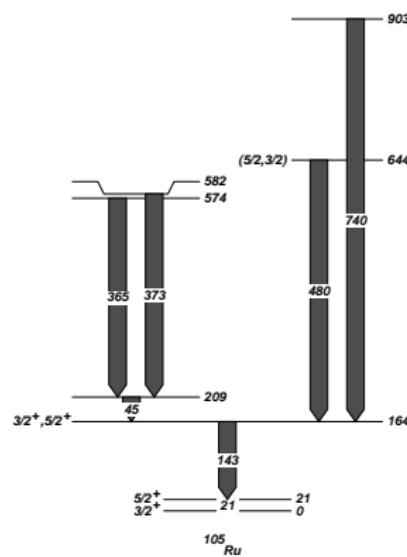
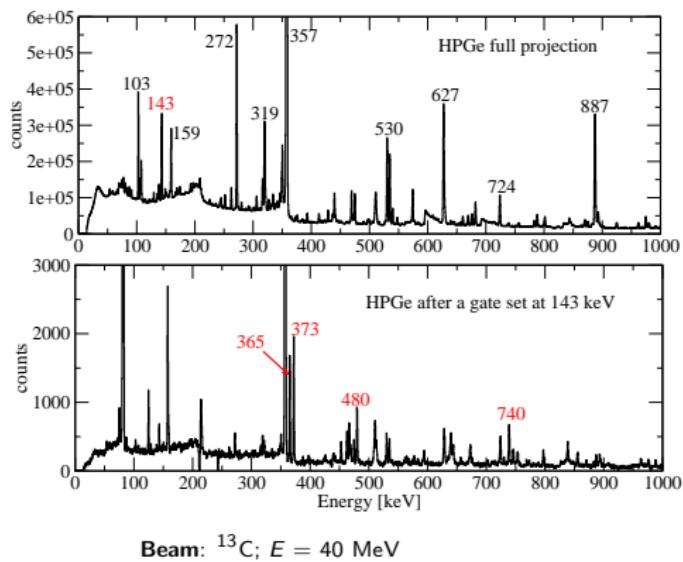


Experimental details

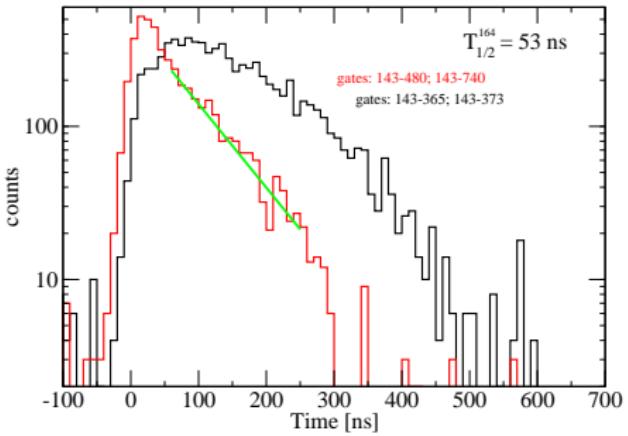
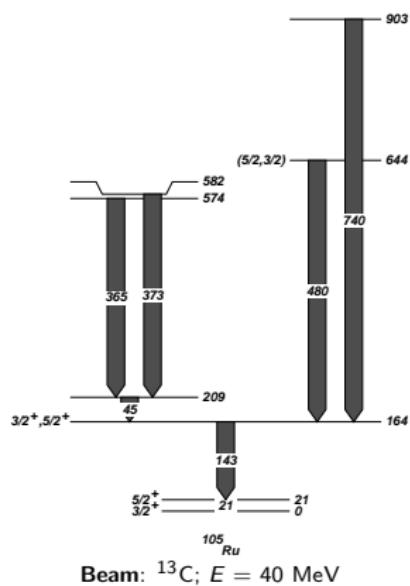
- ▶ **26-29 March 2015**
- ▶ **Beam:** $E(^2H)=7$ MeV; chopped beam
- ▶ **Target:** 50 mg/cm^2 enriched to 99% in ^{104}Ru
- ▶ **Cross-section:** 200 mB
- ▶ **Detectors:** RoSphere



^{13}C experiment



^{13}C experiment



Conclusion: $T_1/2(209\text{keV})$ shorter than 53 ns
 $T_{1/2}^{W,e \cdot E3} = 8 \times 10^5$ s.

$$T_{1/2}^{W,e \cdot (M2)} = 20 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_{1/2}^{W,e \cdot (E1)} = 4 \text{ ps}$$

→ consistent with $E1$ nature ...

i.e. Consistent with $E1$ nature, given that $F_W = 10^4 - 10^5$,

i.e. $7/2^- \rightarrow 5/2+$ or $9/2^- \rightarrow 7/2^+$

Conclusion

working hypothesis since yesterday evening.

